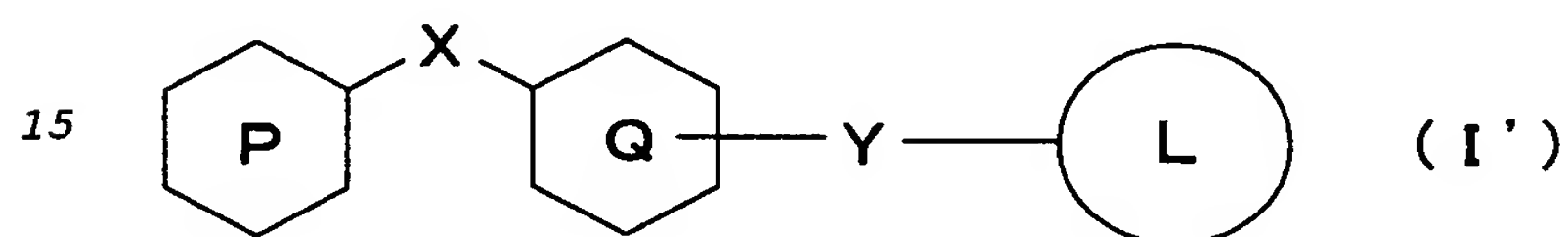


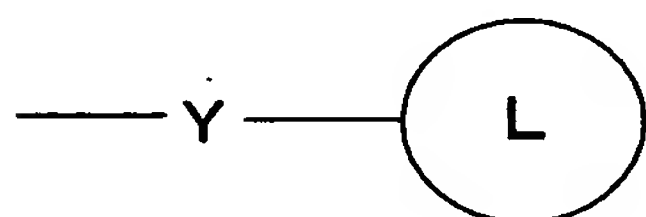
# CLAIMS

1. A GPR40 receptor function regulator comprising a compound having an aromatic ring and a group capable of releasing  
5 cation.
2. The regulator of claim 1, which comprises a carboxylic acid having an aromatic ring, or a derivative thereof.
- 10 3. The regulator of claim 1, which comprises a carboxylic acid having two or more aromatic rings, or a derivative thereof.

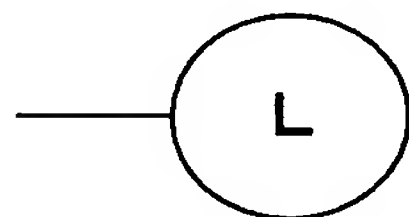
4. The regulator of claim 1, which comprises a compound represented by the formula



wherein ring P is an aromatic ring optionally having substituent(s), ring Q is an aromatic ring optionally further having substituent(s) besides

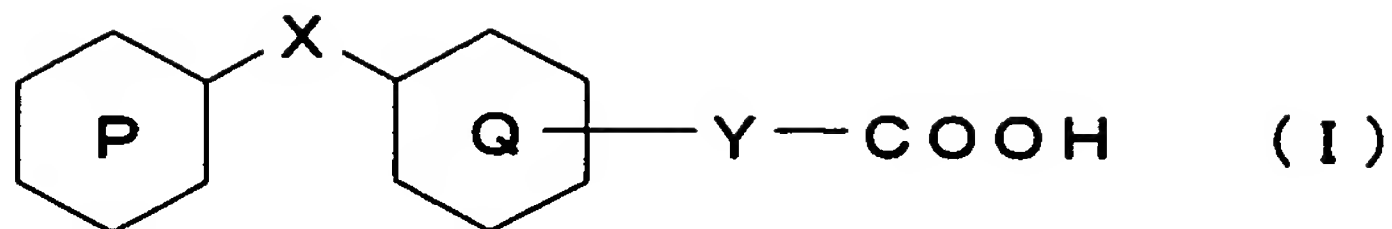


20 , X and Y are each a spacer, and



is a group capable of releasing cation, or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

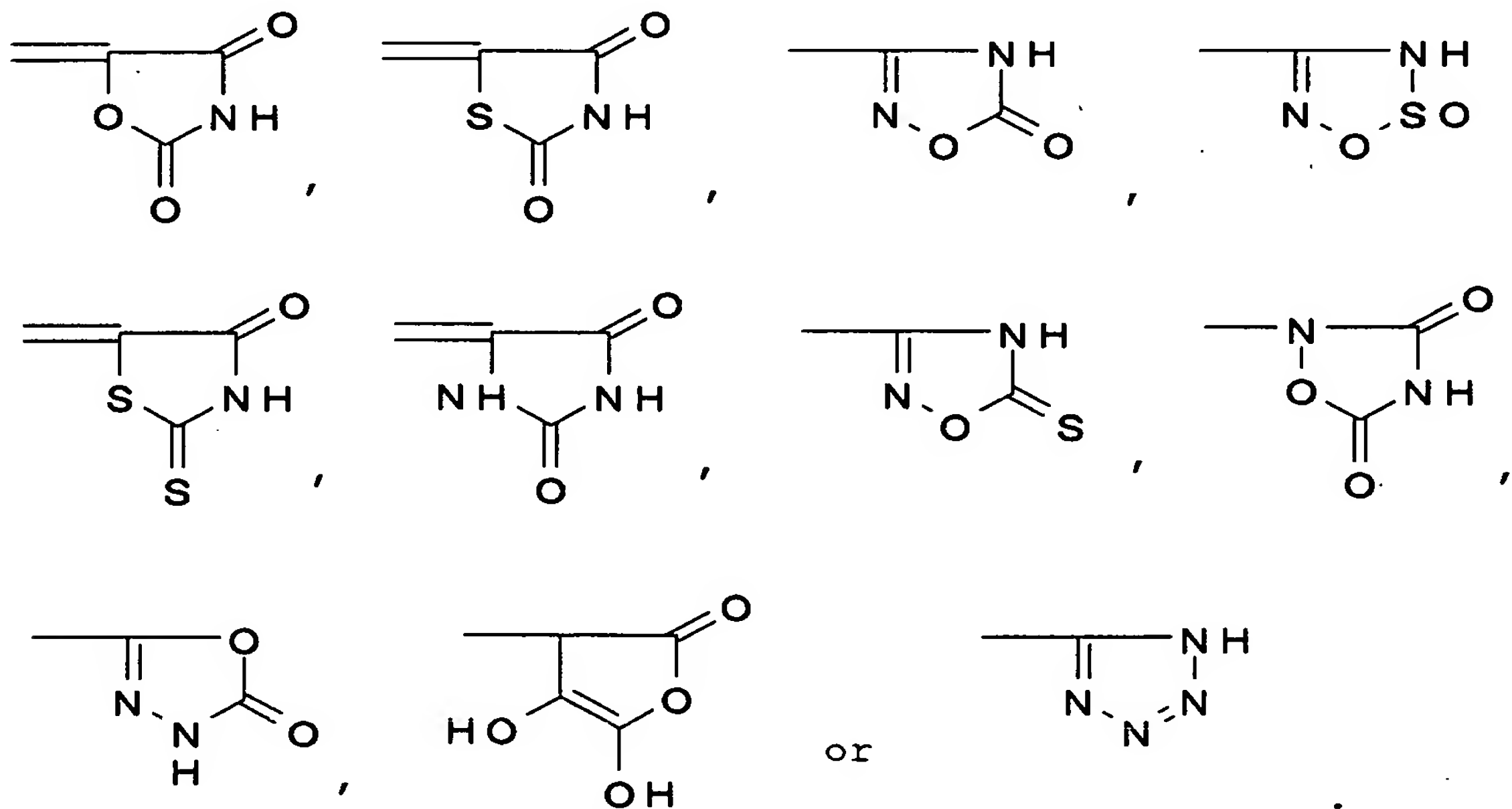
- 25 5. The regulator of claim 2, which comprises a compound represented by the formula



wherein ring P is an aromatic ring optionally having  
 substituent(s), ring Q is an aromatic ring optionally further  
 having substituent(s) besides -Y-COOH, X and Y are each a  
 5 spacer, and -Y-COOH is substituted at any position on ring Q,  
 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

6. The regulator of claim 1, wherein the group capable of  
 releasing cation is (1) a 5-membered heterocyclic group  
 10 capable of releasing cation, (2) a carboxyl group, (3) a  
 sulfonic acid group, (4) a sulfamoyl group optionally mono-  
 substituted by a C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl group, (5) a phosphonic acid group,  
 (6) a carbamoyl group optionally mono-substituted by a C<sub>1-4</sub>  
 alkyl group, (7) a C<sub>2-7</sub> alkylsulfonylthiocarbamoyl group or (8)  
 15 a trifluoromethanesulfonic acid amido group (-NHSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>).

7. The regulator of claim 1, wherein the group capable of  
 releasing cation is



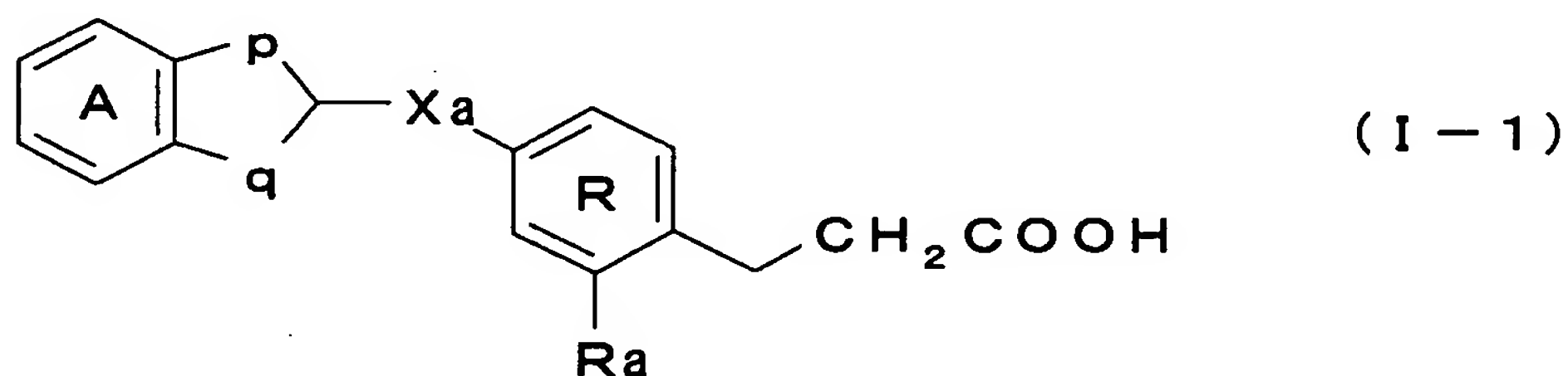
20

8. The regulator of claim 1, which is an insulin secretion

modulator, a hypoglycemic agent or a pancreatic  $\beta$  cell protector.

9. The regulator of claim 1, which is an agent for the  
5 prophylaxis or treatment of diabetes, impaired glucose tolerance, ketosis, acidosis, diabetic neuropathy, diabetic nephropathy, diabetic retinopathy, hyperlipidemia, genital disorder, skin disease, arthropathy, osteopenia, arteriosclerosis, thrombotic disease, dyspepsia, memory and  
10 learning disorder, obesity, hypoglycemia, hypertension, edema, insulin resistance syndrome, unstable diabetes, fatty atrophy, insulin allergy, insulinoma, lipotoxicity, hyperinsulinemia, or cancers.

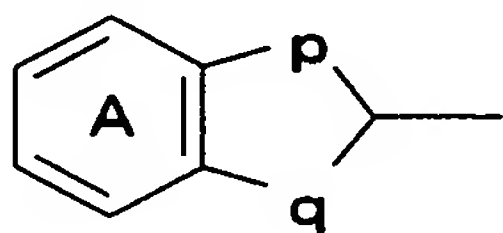
15 10. A compound represented by the formula



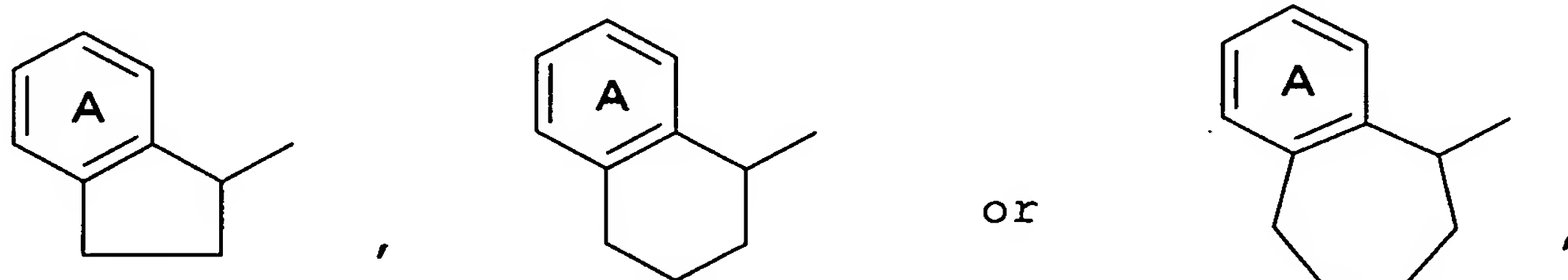
wherein ring A is a benzene ring optionally having  
substituent(s), ring R is a phenylene group optionally having  
substituent(s), Xa is a spacer other than an alkylene group, p  
20 and q are each a C<sub>0-4</sub> carbon chain optionally having  
substituent(s), and Ra is a hydrogen atom or a substituent, or  
a salt thereof.

11. A prodrug of the compound of claim 10 or a salt thereof.  
25

12. The compound of claim 10, wherein the partial structural  
formula



is



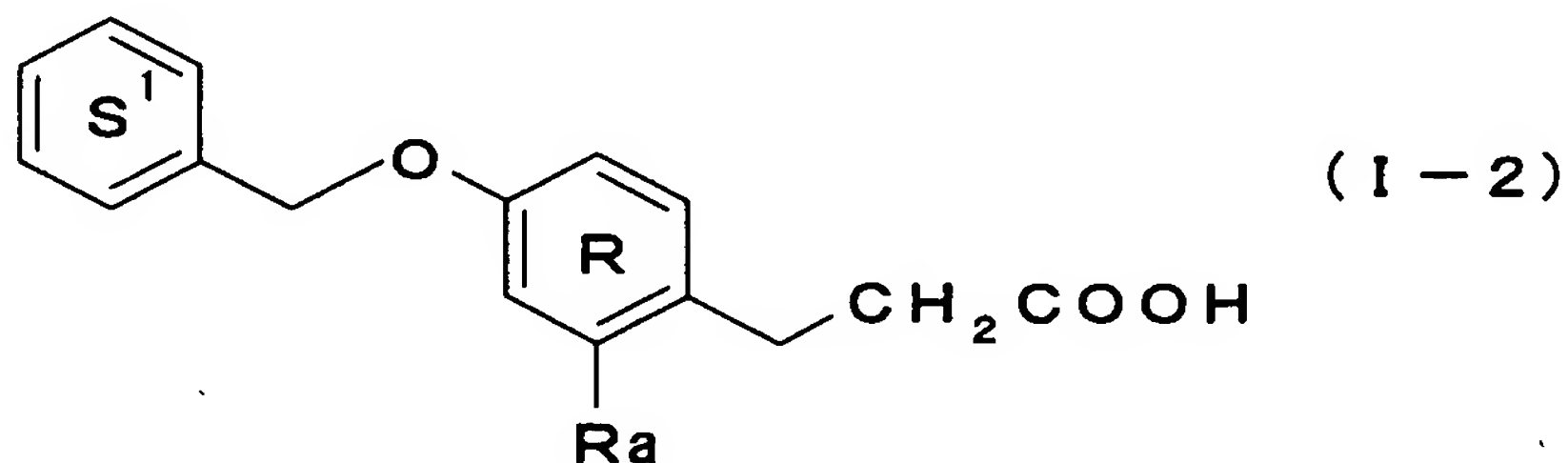
the substituent that ring A optionally has is (1) a halogen atom, (2) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, (3) a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy group, (4) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl group optionally substituted by a halogen atom, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, (5) a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryloxy group or (6) a C<sub>7-16</sub> aralkyloxy group,

the substituent that ring R optionally has is a halogen atom or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group,

10 Ra is a hydrogen atom, and

the spacer represented by Xa is an oxygen atom.

13. A compound represented by the formula

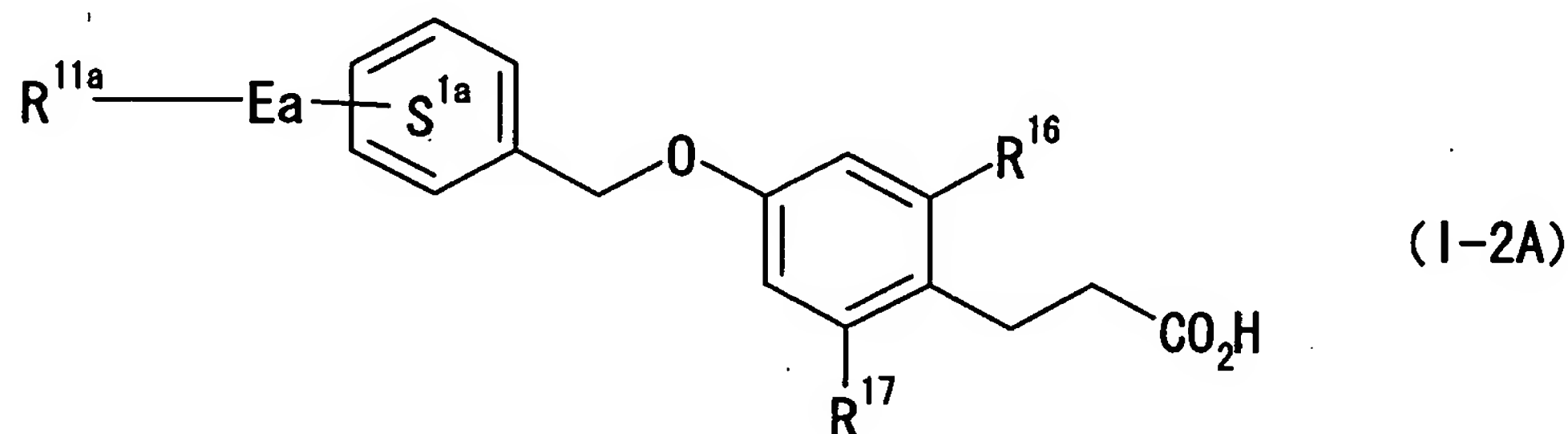


15 wherein ring S<sup>1</sup> is a benzene ring having substituent(s) having a benzene ring, ring R is a phenylene group optionally having substituent(s), and Ra is a hydrogen atom or a substituent, or a salt thereof, except (i) 2-ethoxy-4-[[2-[(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzenepropanoic acid, (ii)  
 20 2-ethoxy-4-[[3-[(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzenepropanoic acid, (iii)  
 2-ethoxy-4-[[4-[(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzenepropanoic acid, and  
 (iv) 4-[[4-[(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)methoxy]phenyl]methoxy]benzenepropanoic acid.  
 25

14. A prodrug of the compound of claim 13 or a salt thereof.

15. The compound of claim 13, wherein the substituent(s) having a benzene ring is a substituent represented by the  
5 formula:  $R^{11}-E^2-$  ( $R^{11}$  is a phenyl group, an indanyl group or a naphthyl group, each optionally having substituent(s), and  $E^2$  is a bond or a spacer), and the spacer represented by  $E^2$  is  $-(CH_2)^{m^1}-W^1-(CH_2)^{m^2}-$  ( $m^1$  and  $m^2$  are each an integer of 0 to 3,  $W^1$  is  $-O-$ ,  $-N(R^2)-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-CO-$  or  $-CO-N(R^3)-$ , and  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are each  
10 a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group).

16. The compound of claim 13, which is represented by the formula



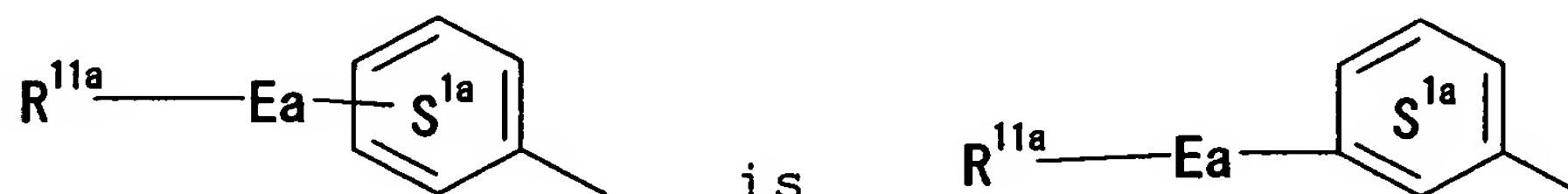
15 wherein  $R^{11a}$  is a phenyl group having 1 or 2 substituents,  $Ea$  is a bond, an oxygen atom or an optionally substituted methylene, ring  $S^{1a}$  is a benzene ring optionally further having substituent(s) selected from an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group and a  
20 halogen atom, and  $R^{16}$  and  $R^{17}$  are the same or different and each is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group.

17. The compound of claim 16, wherein  $R^{11a}$  is a phenyl group  
25 having two substituents selected from an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group and a halogen atom;  $Ea$  is a bond, an oxygen atom or a methylene; and  $R^{16}$  and  $R^{17}$  are the same or different and each is a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom.

18. The compound of claim 17, wherein Ea is a bond.

19. The compound of claim 17, wherein R<sup>16</sup> is a hydrogen atom,  
5 and R<sup>17</sup> is a fluorine atom.

20. The compound of claim 16, wherein the partial structural  
formula



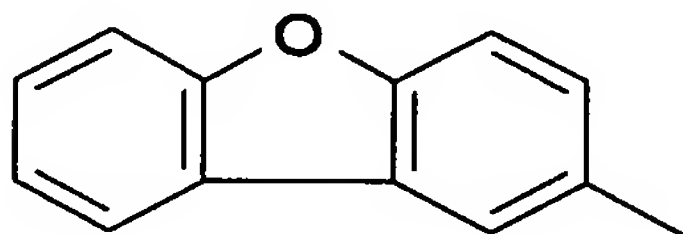
21. The compound of claim 20, wherein R<sup>11a</sup> is a phenyl group  
having two substituents selected from an optionally  
substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub>  
alkoxy group and a halogen atom; Ea is a bond; and ring S<sup>1a</sup> is  
15 a benzene ring without additional substituent.

22. The compound of claim 13, wherein the substituent(s)  
having a benzene ring is a substituent represented by the  
formula: R<sup>11</sup>-E<sup>2</sup>- (R<sup>11</sup> is a phenyl group, an indanyl group or a  
20 naphthyl group, each optionally having substituent(s), and E<sup>2</sup>  
is a bond or a spacer), ring S<sup>1</sup> is optionally further  
substituted by a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, and R<sup>11</sup> optionally forms a  
ring together with E<sup>2</sup> and ring S<sup>1</sup>.

25 23. The compound of claim 22, wherein R<sup>11</sup> is a phenyl group or  
an indanyl group, each optionally having substituent(s)  
selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a nitro,  
a carboxy, an optionally halogenated C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, a hydroxy-C<sub>1-6</sub>  
alkyl, a carboxy-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-carbonylamino-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, an  
30 optionally halogenated C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryl, a C<sub>6-14</sub> aryloxy  
and a C<sub>7-16</sub> aralkyloxy,  
E<sup>2</sup> is a bond, -O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-, -CO-, -CONH-, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -S-CH<sub>2</sub>-

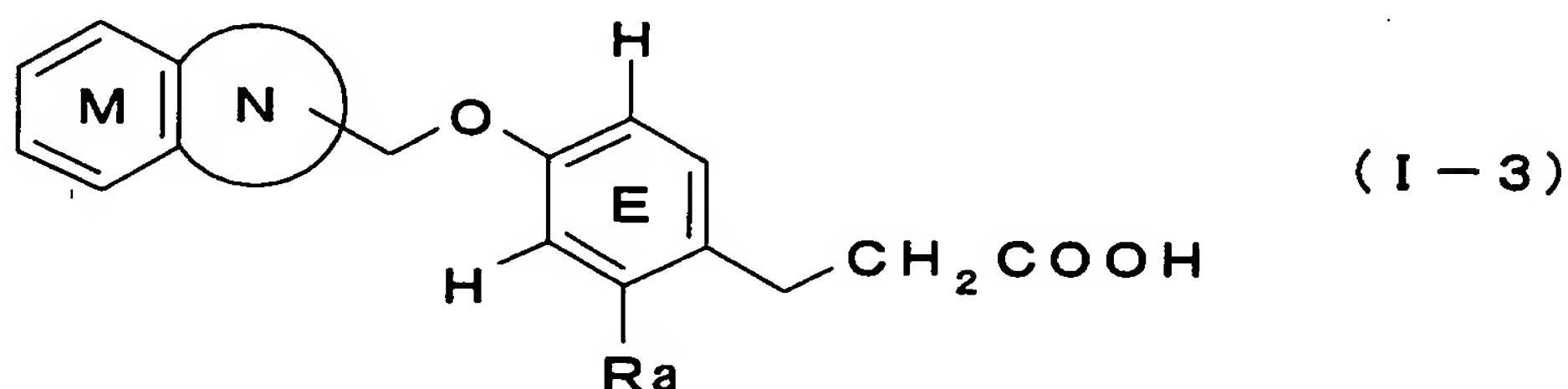
or  $-C=C-$ ,

ring  $S^1$  is optionally further substituted by a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, the ring formed by  $R^{11}$  together with  $E^2$  and ring  $S^1$  is



- 5 the substituent that ring R optionally has is a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, and  $R_a$  is a hydrogen atom.

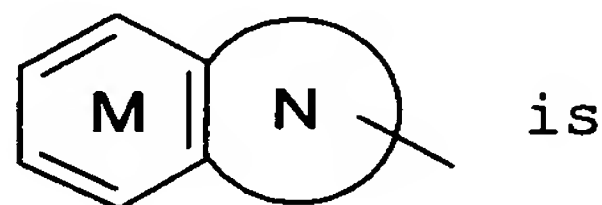
24. A compound represented by the formula

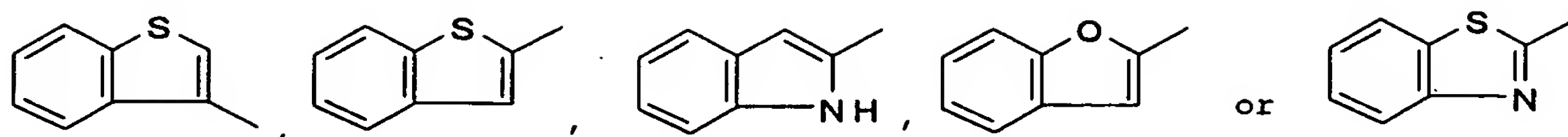


- 10 wherein ring M is a benzene ring optionally having substituent(s), ring N is a 5-membered heterocycle optionally having substituent(s), ring E is a phenylene group optionally having substituent(s), and  $R_a$  is a hydrogen atom or a substituent, or a salt thereof, except 4-(1H-benzotriazol-1-ylmethoxy)benzenepropanoic acid and 4-(1H-indol-3-ylmethoxy)benzenepropanoic acid.

25. A prodrug of the compound of claim 24 or a salt thereof.

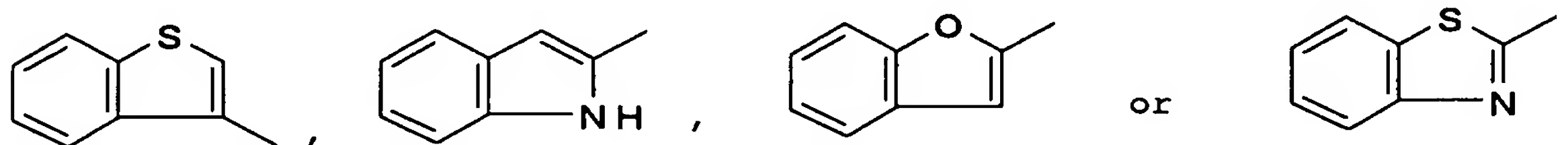
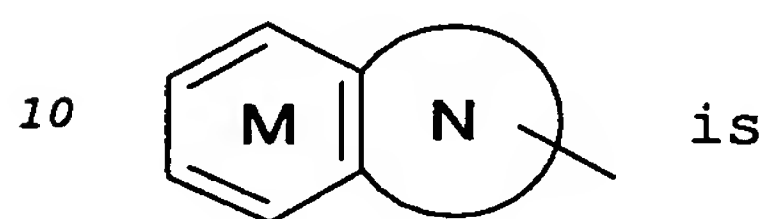
- 20 26. The compound of claim 24, wherein the partial structural formula





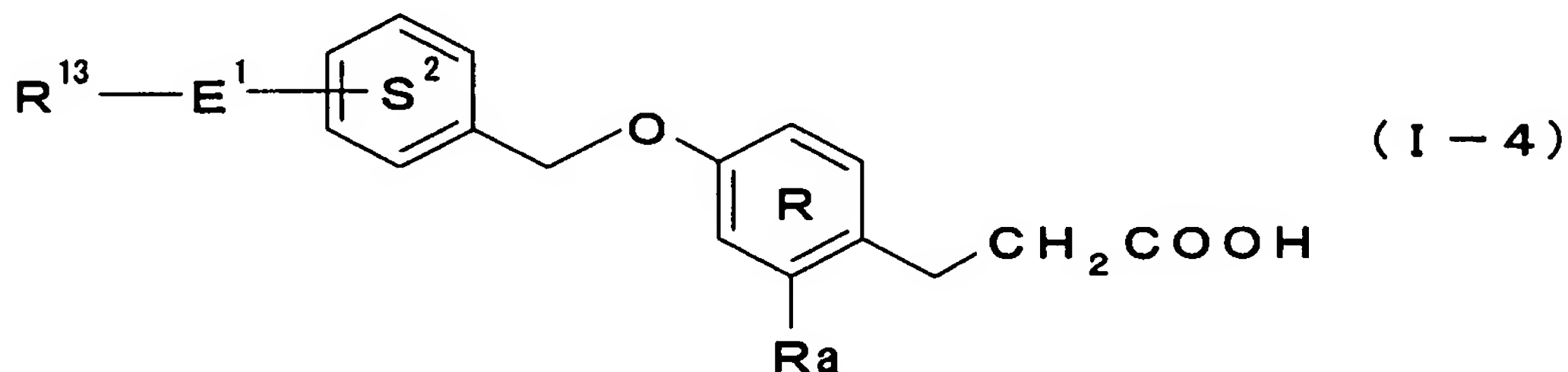
each optionally having substituent(s) selected from a halogen atom, an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy-carbonyl and an optionally substituted C<sub>7-16</sub> aralkyloxy.

27. The compound of claim 24, wherein the partial structural formula



each optionally having substituent(s) selected from a halogen atom and an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl group, ring E is an unsubstituted phenylene group, and Ra is a hydrogen atom.

28. A compound represented by the formula



20 wherein ring S<sup>2</sup> is a benzene ring optionally having substituent(s), ring R is a phenylene group optionally having substituent(s), E<sup>1</sup> is a bond or a spacer, R<sup>13</sup> is a thiazolyl group optionally having substituent(s), and Ra is a hydrogen atom or a substituent, or a salt thereof.



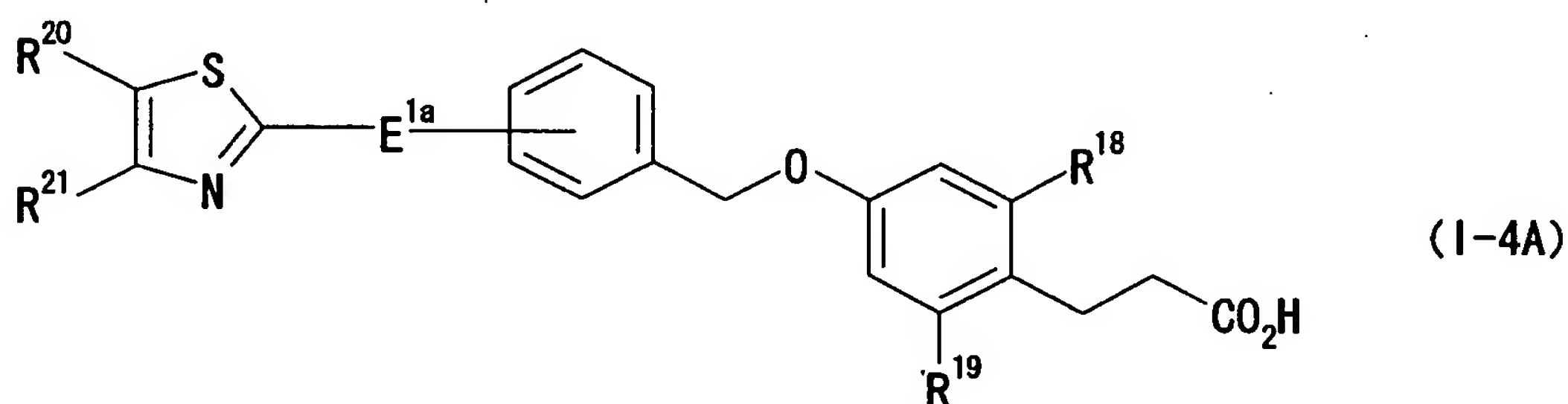
29. A prodrug of the compound of claim 28 or a salt thereof.

30. The compound of claim 28, wherein ring  $S^2$  is a benzene ring,  
5 ring R is an unsubstituted phenylene group,  $R^{13}$  is a thiazolyl  
group optionally having substituent(s) selected from a  $C_{6-14}$   
aryl and a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $E^1$  is  $-N(R^{14})-(CH_2)^{m^2}-$  or  $-S-(CH_2)^{m^2}-$  ( $R^{14}$   
is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, and  $m^2$  is an integer  
of 0 to 3), and  $R_a$  is a hydrogen atom.

10

31. The compound of claim 28, wherein  $R^{13}$  is a 2-thiazolyl  
group optionally having substituent(s).

32. The compound of claim 28, which is represented by the  
15 formula



wherein  $E^{1a}$  is  $-N(R^{14})-CH_2-$ ,  $-CH(R^{22})-O-$  or  $-CH(R^{22})-CH_2-$  ( $R^{14}$  and  
 $R^{22}$  are a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group),  $R^{18}$  and  $R^{19}$  are  
the same or different and each is a hydrogen atom, a halogen  
20 atom, a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy group, and  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$   
are the same or different and each is a hydrogen atom, an  
optionally substituted  $C_{6-14}$  aryl group or an optionally  
substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group, or  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  are bonded to form a  
ring.

25

33. The compound of claim 32, wherein  $E^{1a}$  is  $-N(R^{14})-CH_2-$  ( $R^{14}$  is  
a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl group), and  $R^{18}$  and  $R^{19}$  are the  
same or different and each is a hydrogen atom or a halogen  
atom.

34. A pharmaceutical agent comprising the compound of claim 10, 13, 24 or 28 or a salt thereof or a prodrug thereof.

5 35. A method of regulating a GPR40 receptor function, which comprises administering an effective amount of a compound having an aromatic ring and a group capable of releasing cation to a mammal.

10 36. Use of a compound having an aromatic ring and a group capable of releasing cation for the production of a GPR40 receptor function regulator.

37. A screening method for a ligand, agonist or antagonist to  
15 GPR40, which comprises using GPR40 or a partial peptide thereof or a salt thereof, and a compound having an aromatic ring and a group capable of releasing cation.

38. A kit for screening a ligand, agonist or antagonist to  
20 GPR40, which comprises GPR40 or a partial peptide thereof or a salt thereof, and a compound having an aromatic ring and a group capable of releasing cation.